

In The Name of Allah, The Most Beneficent, The Most Merciful

The Moon Sighting MOONTHLY



Shariah Compliant Islamic Date Calendar Year: 25 | Issu: 11

Computer software programs that draws colourful Charts of crescent sighting probabilities according to Astronomical theory!!!

■ (Mufti) Muhammad Ebrahim, Madni Masjid, Bradford (The Committee Member of CMSC)

omputer software program that draws charts of crescent sighting probabilities according to modern astronomical theory (the founder of modern Astronomic is Nicholas Copernicus 1534). When these charts shows its impossible to see the crescent at a given location, and if any Muslim gives testimony (after reciting the Kalima) of having sighted the crescent at that location, can the sworn testimony of crescent sighting from this Muslim be accepted?

They believe that `If the chart shows it's impossible to sight the crescent at that location, they will decide any positive sighting testimony from that location to be unreliable. They regard such testimony to be unreliable, and believe it to be slanderous, doubtful, and false. In other words (in my opinion) they believe that people giving such false testimony are telling lies.

Islamic Scholars including CMSC would regard these charts to be unreliable, instead they will accept the sworn sighting testimony;

(1) This is the conclusion written by all Jurists till today, and this is the decisive verdict (mufta bihi). The cmsc has not invented any new verdict on this subject: they simply follow what all Jurists have mentioned till now, and encourage others to do the same that obserwatrial calculation and it's "sighting possibility criteria to conduct sharee moon sighting is un exceptable and na jaize in shariah."

(2) Second point is that it is against the Shariah rule to base decisions on these probability charts instead of sworn testimony. (3) Thirdly, basing decisions on these charts will tread against the 'decisive verdict' and that is not allowed: in fact it will be the following of 'desires' and that is haraam (4) Fourthly, if present days' sworn testimonies of sightings are rejected on the basis of these calculations and crescent sighting probability charts, would it not automatically render all the decisions and verdicts (especially regarding moon sighting) of the time of Prophet SAW to be doubtful? Its a matter of faith that the date of the Farewell Haj that was performed by Companions Rd. with Prophet SAW is beyond any doubt and suspicion: its authenticity is conclusive, and all those verdicts followed the revelations from

Discussing the direction of Qibla, Mufti Muhammad Shafi Rh. said: Qibla directions of the whole world is speculative, but that of Masjide Nabwi is conclusive, and this is a unique feature of the this Mosque, for its direction was established by revelation to Prophet s.a.w. Similarly, the authenticity of the day and date on which the Farewell Hajj took place is also conclusive. Even then, the modern Astronomic calculations, software programs, and sighting charts do not agree with the date and day of the Farewell Hajj: the sighting probability charts indicates that the crescent sighting was not possible on the day that commenced the month of the Farewell Haj, and reports of sighting by a multitude of people also doesn't exist.

In order to protect the Deen of Prophet SAW, it is necessary to regard these sighting

unreliable (as Prophet SAW said) and to preserve a record of testimonies that contradict their calculated guesses. That's why whenever CMSC receives any information of such sighting from anywhere in the UK, its members contact those people who claim to have sighted the Crescent, especially when the sighting is against the Astronomic predictions. Full details are recorded and preserved. That's why Moulana Miftahi has collected all such testimonies on his book.

Those with insight in to Fiqh has never ignored these testimonies, let alone mocking them. The graet Jurist Hadhrat Mufti Rashid Ahmed Ludhianwi r. discussed these testimonies with Moulana Abdul Rashid Rabbani Sahib. Hadhrat even asked if there are any sighting reports before the predicted conjunction (birth of crescent). When said 'yes', Hadhrat did not ignore or reject the reply.

The reference to Hadhrat Moulana Inaamul Hasan ra. For Astronomic Sighting Probability is simply a lie. The letter that has been used to connect Hadhratji with this subject has not been authenticated to be from him.

The Fatawa about Astronomic Sighting Probability issued from Masjide Mukarram signed by Mufti Muhammad Taqi Usmani sahab is not unconditional: the condition is 'in the absence of multitude of people sighting the crescent'.

In that case the verdict will be given upon actual sighting by many people. And so the Astronomic Probability is not a condition upon which authenticity is based: real basis for verdict is presence or absence of multitude of people. Yet those who believe

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I charts and Astronomic predictions to be in astronomic probabilities make it to be the unreliable (as Prophet SAW said) and to preserve a record of testimonies that authenticity verdicts. So this Flawa of Mufti outradict their calculated guesses. That's sahab is of no benefit to them (even in the why whenever CMSC receives any absence of Astronomic probabilities make it to be the sole basis (without any condition) for outradict their calculated guesses. That's sahab is of no benefit to them (even in the why whenever CMSC receives any absence of Astronomic probabilities make it to be the sole basis (without any condition) for outradicts.

(a)We humbly request those people who regard Astronomic charts to be their basis, that even if they don't regard the sighting claims to be authentic, they should at least remember that these charts are not absolute conclusive: they are at best speculative. Principles of calculations are conclusive, but their application is speculative.

(b)Another point to remember is that all believers of astronomic charts will derive them results from software programs or from information by an expert in the field: sighting will be judged either by charts or information from an expert. Both are purely speculative, and not conclusive. Is anyone of them capable of extracting these results by himself? The reply is in negative. So instead of being forceful in any one direction, we need to maintain a balanced approach.

(c)It should also be remembered that in equatorial countries, new moon at the start of the month is seen after Sunset. This continues for many days. This is not necessarily so in western countries. And as mentioned in tafseer by Mufti Mahmud sahab, in western countries many time crescent appears even before Sunset. That is why many people in Batley saw the crescent well before Sunset on Thursday 11th August (2ND Ramzan1431) soon after Asr salaat!!! (can see full article in our website www.hizbululama.org.uk)

(Mufti) Muhammad Ebrahim, Madni Masjid, Bradford. NB: TheFull article can be read at our

website; www.hizbululama.org.uk

اہلِ سنت والجماعت، دارالعلوم دیو بنداور نیومون تھیوری کے حسابات!

السلام عليمم ورحمة الله وبركانة

قارئينِ كرام حضرات وخوا تين

دین میں ثبوت ہلال کے لئے فلکیاتی حسابات کو استعال کرنا کیسی خطرناک غیراسلامی شکی ہے کہ دارالعلوم دیو بند جیسے عالمی ادارہ کے اعلیٰ ذمتہ دارمفتی صاحب مرحوم کو اقبل اسلام کے ''شرعاً مردود نیومون تواعد'' کو اسلام میں جاری کرنے کی کوشش کے خلاف اس کی اصلاح کے لئے غیر خدا ہب کی اصطلاحات سے مثالیں دینی پڑیں! ملاحظہ فرمائیں؛۔

آپ نظرات میں روگرتے ہوئے نیومون تیوری اور اس کے حساب اور چاند کی روئیت کے لئے ''نیومون میر نظرات نصوص صربیعہ کے فالف'' ہونے ہے تعبیر کیا اور چاند کی روئیت کے لئے ''نیومون تیوری اور اس پرخی امکان مفروضہ'' کے بعد سے مخصوص گھٹوں کے گذر نے سے چاند کی عمر کے شار کرنے کو ''ہندو چنڈ تو اس پرخی امکان روئیت کے نظر بیداور والا دی نیومون کی اور اس پرخی امکان کی دوئیت کے نظر بیداور والا دی نیومون کو 'نہندووک کے تھیا تی اور گیش بی '' کی جہنسم سے تعبیر کر کے نیومون کی امکان روئیت تیوری کو گھڑا اسلامی نظر بید کھی تحریف معور ہی '' تر اردیا اور فرمایا کہ چونکہ اس نظر بید کی احساب السرک میت تحریف معور ہی مابعد کی بیدری کی بایل دوم ۱۳۵۸ء کے دسن موسوی میس تحریف کردہ) اس حمائی طریقہ کی مابعد سے بنیست کے بیدوری رہائی بلیل دوم ۱۳۵۸ء کے دسن موسوی میس تحریف کردہ) اس حمائی طریقہ کی بنیست آپ بیات کے بعد دی اس مابع کی اصلیت ومردود یت کوشرا قا اوجا گرفر مایا! آپ "کے بنیست کے نظر میں اساب مابور نظر فرمایا! آپ "کے کے الفاظ میں افتا سات ملا خلاخ فرما کیں :

فتوى ؛ حضرت مفتى نظام الدين صاحب رحمة الله عليه،

دارالا فتاء، دارالعلوم ديوبند

ولادت کے مفنی اپس عدم ہے وجود میں آ جانا ،اور بیہاں ایمائیس ہے ،شس وقمر کو جب ہے باری تعالیٰ عوّ اسمہ نے پیدا فربایا اس وقت ہے وہ برا برموجود ہے ، بھی معدوم نیس ہوئے ، عرف عارشی طور پر بھی بھی بمصلحت و حکمت باری عوّ اسمہ کچھ دیر کے لئے غیر معتور ہوجاتے ہیں چیے شس وقمر اوقت گرئیں، (کسوف وضوف)، اور ہرماہ کے ویش دودن کے لئے قمر مستور رہتا ہے ، بھر طاہر ہوجاتا ہے تو اس کو بہت ہے بہت تجدید یا ظہور کہہ سکتے ہیں اور بعد اسلام واصول اسلام کے اعتبار سے بالکل

ود کے <u>2010</u> به هے تا۔هاں م

غلط ھے ۔یے نظریٹ (ولادت)توھنود کے کسھیاَجی ارگنیشجی کے جنم کے مشابہ ھے جوکبھی اسلامی نظریہ نھیں بن سکتا ھاں اسلامی نظریہ کی تحریف کانظریہ بن سکتاھے اور نظریئہ تحریف واجب الرّدھوجائے گا۔

و مهم به اجهاع و ایجوا مصحیح آن یعمل بحصب سست کی بر آنیا می ایک بین ایک بین ایک بین ایک بین ایک فی برایک فی ایک فی برایک و ایک برایک اور اخوا از معاوری عربیک روئیت مقتبان کرام کی نظریس، صوری عربیک روئیت مقتبان کرام کی نظریس، صوری او میک روئیت مقتبان کرام کی نظریس، صوری ایک برایک روئیت مقتبان کرام کی نظریس، صوری ایک روئیت مقتبان کرام کی نظریس، صوری ایک روئیت کرد ایک روئیت کرد

نوں تربین دیسے تعیی و ان کرسٹ ہاں؟ نفت : (1) بیٹونلی دکتاب اور (۲) مفتق ایراتیم صاحب هظه اللہ کے نذکور ومختمر مضمون کو کامل طور پر بیز (۳) فاوٹل رجمیہ کے حوالہ سے بہت اہم مضمون (اردو، انگلش)،ان تیوں کو ہماری ویب سائٹ

مصمون کو کال طور پر، ٹیز (۳) ناوئ رجیہ کے حوالہ سے بہت اہم مصمون (اردوہ انگش)،ان تنیوں کو ہماری ویب سائٹ www.hizbululama.org.uk شیں ملاحظہ فراما ئیں (۳) محکمہ علیاسعودیہ کے مطابق ذیقتدہ راسمالے کی ابتداء ۲۹شوال ۱۳۲۲ء مطابق مرتبرہ ۱ میرہ عام جمعدی شام روئیت بلال سے ہوئی۔

DHUL-QA'AD 1431 AH: Duration: October-November 2010

THE MONTH OF SHAWWAL HAD 29 DAYS (The Islamic week starts every Friday) First of DHUL-QA'AD 1431AH Commenced on the evening of Friday 8th October 2010

FRI		SAT		SUN		MON		TUE		WED		THUR	
		1 Octo.	9 th 2010	2	10	3	11	4	12	5	13	6	14
7	15	8	16	9	17	10	18	11	19	12	20	13	21
14	22	<i>15</i>	23	16	24	17	25	18	26	19	27	20	28
21	29	22	30	23	31	24 Nove.	1 st 2010	25	2	26	3	27	4
28	5	29	6	30 *	7								

* Subject to the new moon **not** being seen at the end of the 29 day **Sunnah acts** (Sunnah: the practice of Prophet Muhammad SAW, emulation of which attains great reward) 1. To fast on the days of Yaum-e-Beadh these are the 13, 14 & 15 except during Ramadhan where fasting is obligatory for the whole month

2. To look for the new moon crescent at the end of the 29° day, please contact us to report a sighting

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